# Understanding Addiction

# WHAT IS DRUG ADDICTION?

- Drug addiction is also called substance use disorder (SUD)
- Addiction is a chronic medical disease
- Drug seeking and using that is difficult to control despite knowing it is harmful and unhealthy to continue
- Drugs change the brain in ways that make it hard to quit using, even when someone wants to quit
- Repeated drug use (chronic drug use) over long periods of time causes changes in the brain
- Brain changes can continue for long periods of time, even when in recovery
- Addiction/SUD is NOT a lack of willpower or strength

## WHAT HAPPENS TO THE BRAIN?



- Most drugs affect the reward or pleasure circuit of the brain
- Causing elevated mood (feeling "high") by releasing a brain chemical named dopamine
- Higher levels of dopamine and effects on mood reinforce use, even though it's unhealthy
- Over time, the brain gets used to these chemical changes which is called tolerance
- When tolerance occurs, the person experiences less pleasure or feeling high. This may cause someone to use higher doses or more frequently

# WHY DO SOME PEOPLE BECOME ADDICTED TO DRUGS?

- There are several things that increase a person's risk of addiction
- Heredity or genes from family influence the risk of addiction
- About 50% of the risk of addiction is related to a person's genetic makeup
- A person's environment which includes where you live, the friends and family you spend time with, economic status (money) and quality of life also affect risk
- Stressors such as peer pressure, physical or sexual abuse, early exposure to drugs, parents divorced, loss of a parent to incarceration or death may increase risk of addiction
- Development: the younger a person is when starting to take drugs, the more likelihood of addiction
- Taking drugs at any age may progress to addiction







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#### HOW CAN ADDICTION BE PREVENTED?

 Education on the harmful nature of taking drugs through social media, religious organizations, school and healthcare providers

 Prevention programs that work with communities, churches, families, schools and the media are effective

### IS ADDICTION CURABLE?

- SUD or addiction is a chronic, long-term condition that can be successfully treated
- Medication for treatment which prevents withdrawal symptoms is readily available
- Like Diabetes, High blood pressure and many chronic medical conditions – addiction is not curable. Relapses may occur, but getting into treatment for recovery is the first step
- Recovery is possible!





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- If you or someone you know needs help to recover from drug addiction, talk with your doctor or health care provider
- Call Find Help Now KY at 1-877-318-1871 or www.findhelpnowky.org
- Call Kentucky Opioid Assistance helpline at 1-800-854-6813
- Contact the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) National Helpline at 1-800-662-4357
- If you or someone you know is having a crisis, call 988 immediately or 988lifeline.org
- If using drugs, always be sure to have naloxone available and don't use alone
- Call the national Never Use Alone hotline: 1-877-696-1996 or www.neverusealone.com
- Find naloxone at no charge, Find Naloxone Now KY: www.findnaloxone.ky.gov





